

SAFETY DATA SHEET

United States

Section 1. Identification Product name

Cy™7 NHS ester, 10 mg

Catalogue Number

PA17104

Chemical name Other means of identification Product type Cy7 (NHS ester) Not available. Solid.

Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Identified uses

Use in laboratories

Industrial applications: Analytical chemistry. Research.

Supplier

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	+44 0800 515 313		
In case of emergency	ChemTrec US (available 24/7) 1-800-424-9300		
Section 2. Hazards ident	tification		
OSHA/HCS status	This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200).		
Classification of the substance or mixture	ACUTE TOXICITY: ORAL - Category 4 ACUTE TOXICITY: SKIN - Category 4 ACUTE TOXICITY: INHALATION - Category 4 RESPIRATORY SENSITIZATION - Category 1 SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1		
<u>GHS label elements</u> Hazard pictograms			
Signal word	Danger		
Hazard statements	Harmful if swallowed, in contact with skin or if inhaled. May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled. May cause an allergic skin reaction.		
Precautionary statements			
Prevention	Wear protective gloves. Wear protective clothing. In case of inadequate ventilation wear respiratory protection. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Avoid breathing dust. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wash hands thoroughly after handling. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace.		

25800309

Page: 1/8 Validation date 9 October 2019

Response Storage	IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air and Call a POISON CENTER or physician if you a POISON CENTER or physician. IF SWAL feel unwell. Rinse mouth. IF ON SKIN: Wa CENTER or physician if you feel unwell. Wa or rash occurs: Get medical attention. Not applicable.	feel unwell. If exper LOWED: Call a PO sh with plenty of soa	riencing respiratory symptoms: Call ISON CENTER or physician if you ap and water. Call a POISON
•	••	anco with all local in	agional national and international
Disposal	Dispose of contents and container in accordate regulations.	ance with all local, h	
Hazards not otherwise classified	None known.		
Section 3. Composition/	information on ingredients		
Substance/mixture	Substance		
Chemical name	Cy7 (NHS ester)		
Other means of identification	Not available.		
CAS number/other identifiers			
CAS number	Not available.		
Ingredient name		%	CAS number
Cv7 (NHS ester)		100	-

Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to batch variation.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

Section 4. First aid measures

Description of necessary first aid measures

Eye contact	Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention if irritation occurs.
Inhalation	Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention. If necessary, call a poison center or physician. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours. In the event of any complaints or symptoms, avoid further exposure.
Skin contact	Wash with plenty of soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention. If necessary, call a poison center or physician. In the event of any complaints or symptoms, avoid further exposure. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.
Ingestion	Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get medical attention. If necessary, call a poison center or physician. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.
Most important symptoms/effect	ts, acute and delayed
Potential acute health effects	No luceur circificant offects or critical becaude
Eye contact Inhalation	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Innalation	Harmful if inhaled. May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled. Exposure to decomposition products may cause a health hazard. Serious effects may be delayed following exposure.
Skin contact	Harmful in contact with skin. May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Ingestion	Harmful if swallowed.
Over-exposure signs/symptom	<u>s</u>

Eye contact No specific data. Inhalation Adverse symptoms may include the following: wheezing and breathing difficulties asthma

Article Number :

25800309

Page: 2/8 Validation date 9 October 2019

Cy™7 NHS ester, 10 mg	PA17104
Skin contact	Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness
Ingestion	No specific data.
Indication of immediate medic	al attention and special treatment needed, if necessary
Notes to physician Specific treatments	In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours. No specific treatment.
Specific treatments	No specific treatment.
Protection of first-aiders	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.
See toxicological information	(Section 11)

Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Extinguishing media

<u>_</u>			
Suitable extinguishing media	Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire.		
Unsuitable extinguishing media	None known.		
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	No specific fire or explosion hazard.		
Hazardous thermal decomposition products	Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide carbon monoxide nitrogen oxides sulfur oxides metal oxide/oxides		
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training.		
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.		

Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".
Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).
inment and cleaning up
Move containers from spill area. Avoid dust generation. Using a vacuum with HEPA filter will reduce dust dispersal. Place spilled material in a designated, labeled waste container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
Move containers from spill area. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Avoid dust generation. Do not dry sweep. Vacuum dust with equipment fitted with a HEPA filter and place in a closed, labeled waste container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures	Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems or asthma, allergies or chronic or recurrent respiratory disease should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not ingest. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.
Advice on general occupational hygiene	Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

Article Number :

25800309

Page: 3/8 Validation date 9 October 2019 including any incompatibilities

Store between the following temperatures: 2 to 8°C (35.6 to 46.4°F). Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Occupational exposure limits Mono-reactive NHS ester CyDye	-		
Appropriate engineering controls	Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits.		
Environmental exposure controls	Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.		
Individual protection measures			
Hygiene measures	Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.		
Eye/face protection	Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: safety glasses with side-shields.		
Skin protection			
Hand protection	Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.		
Body protection	Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.		
Other skin protection	Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.		
Respiratory protection	Use a properly fitted, particulate filter respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator.		

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

<u>Appearance</u>	
Physical state	Solid.
Color	Purple.
Odor	Odorless.
Odor threshold	Not available.
рН	Not available.
Melting point	Not available.
Boiling point	Not available.
Flash point	[Product does not sustain combustion.]
Burning time	Not available.
Burning rate	Not available.
Evaporation rate	Not available.
Flammability (solid, gas)	Non-flammable in the presence of the following materials or conditions: open flames, sparks and static discharge, heat, shocks and mechanical impacts, oxidizing materials, reducing materials, combustible materials, organic materials, metals, acids, alkalis and moisture.
Lower and upper explosive (flammable) limits	Not available.
Vapor pressure	Not available.
Vapor density	Not available.
Relative density	Not available.
Solubility	Soluble in the following materials: cold water and hot water.



Page: 4/8 Validation date 9 October 2019

Solubility in water	Not available.
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/ water	Not available.
Auto-ignition temperature	Not available.
Decomposition temperature	Not available.
SADT	Not available.
Viscosity	Not available.
Flow time (ISO 2431)	Not available.
Molecular weight	818.0
Aerosol product	

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity	No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
Chemical stability	The product is stable.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
Conditions to avoid	No specific data.
Incompatible materials	No specific data.
Hazardous decomposition products	Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

Section 11. Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects Acute toxicity Not available. Irritation/Corrosion Not available. Sensitization Not available. **Mutagenicity** Not available. **Carcinogenicity** Not available. Conclusion/Summary To the best of our knowledge, the toxicological properties of this substance have not been thoroughly investigated. **Reproductive toxicity** Not available. **Teratogenicity** Not available. Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure) Not available. Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure) Not available. Aspiration hazard Not available. Information on the likely routes Routes of entry anticipated: Oral, Dermal, Inhalation. of exposure Potential acute health effects Eye contact No known significant effects or critical hazards. Harmful if inhaled. May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled. Inhalation Exposure to decomposition products may cause a health hazard. Serious effects may be delayed following exposure. Skin contact Harmful in contact with skin. May cause an allergic skin reaction. Ingestion Harmful if swallowed. Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics Eye contact No specific data.

Article Number :

25800309

Page: 5/8 Validation date 9 October 2019

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Inhalation Skin contact	Adverse symptoms may include the following: wheezing and breathing difficulties asthma Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation						
Induction	redness						
Ingestion	No specific data. and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure						
Short term exposure				<u>osure</u>			
Potential immediate effects	Natavallahla						
Potential immediate effects	Not available. Not available.						
Long term exposure							
Potential immediate effects Potential delayed effects	Not available. Not available.						
Potential chronic health effects Not available.							
General	Once sensitized, a severe	e allergic reaction	n may occur w	/hen subseque	ntly exposed to	very low	
Carcinogenicity	levels. No known significant effe	cts or critical ba-	vards				
Mutagenicity	No known significant effect						
Teratogenicity	No known significant effe						
Developmental effects	No known significant effe	cts or critical haz	zards.				
Fertility effects	No known significant effe	cts or critical haz	zards.				
Numerical measures of toxicity							
Acute toxicity estimates							
Product/ingredient name		Oral (mg/kg)	Dermal (mg/kg)	Inhalation (gases) (ppm)	Inhalation (vapors) (mg/l)	Inhalation (dusts and mists) (mg/	
Mono-reactive NHS ester CyDye		500	1100	N/A	N/A	I) 1.5	
Section 12. Ecological in	formation						
Toxicity Not available.							
Persistence and degradability Not available. Bioaccumulative potential Not available.							
Mobility in soil Soil/water partition coefficient (K ∞)	Not available.						
Other adverse effects	No known significant effects or critical hazards.						
Section 13. Disposal con	siderations						
Disposal methods	The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.						



Section 14. Transport information

Product is not regulated as dangerous goods for transport.

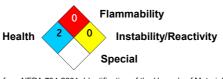
Section '	15.	Regulatory	/ information
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Section 15. Regulatory in	normation				
U.S. Federal regulations	eral regulations TSCA 8(a) CDR Exempt/Partial exemption: Not determined				
Clean Air Act Section 112(b) Haz (HAPs) Clean Air Act Section 602 Class		Not listed			
Clean Air Act Section 602 Class		Not listed			
DEA List I Chemicals (Precursor Chemicals)Not listedDEA List II Chemicals (Essential Chemicals)Not listed					
<u>SARA 302/304</u>					
Composition/information on ing	gredients				
No products were found.					
SARA 304 RQ	Not applicable.				
SARA 311/312 Classification	ACUTE TOXICITY (oral) - Category 4 ACUTE TOXICITY (dermal) - Category 4 ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 4 RESPIRATORY SENSITIZATION - Category 1 SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1				
Composition/information on ing	gredients				
Name	%	Classification			
Mono-reactive NHS ester CyDye	100	ACUTE TOXICITY (oral) - Category 4 ACUTE TOXICITY (dermal) - Category 4 ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 4 RESPIRATORY SENSITIZATION - Category 1 SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1			
State regulations					
Massachusetts	This material is not listed.				
New York	This material is not listed.				
New Jersey	This material is not listed.				
Pennsylvania	This material is not listed.				
International regulations					
Chemical Weapon Convention	<u>List Schedules I, II & III Cl</u>	nemicals			
Not listed.					
Montreal Protocol					
Not listed.					
Stockholm Convention on Pers Not listed.	istent Organic Pollutants				
Rotterdam Convention on Prior	Informed Consent (PIC)				
Not listed.					
UNECE Aarhus Protocol on PO Not listed.	Ps and Heavy Metals				
Inventory list					
United States	Not determined.				
Europe	Not determined.				
Canada inventory	Not determined.				



Section 16. Other information

National Fire Protection Association (U.S.A.)



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Copyright ©2001, National Fire Protection Association, Quincy, MA 02269. This warning system is intended to be interpreted and applied only by properly trained individuals to identify fire, health and reactivity hazards of chemicals. The user is referred to certain limited number of chemicals with recommended classifications in NFPA 49 and NFPA 325, which would be used as a guideline only. Whether the chemicals are classified by NFPA or not, anyone using the 704 systems to classify chemicals does so at their own risk.

Procedure used to derive the classification

Classif	ication		Justification	
ACUTE TOXICITY (oral) - Catego ACUTE TOXICITY (dermal) - Cate ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - C RESPIRATORY SENSITIZATION SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category	egory 4 Category 4 I - Category 1	Expert judgment Expert judgment Expert judgment Expert judgment Expert judgment		
<u>History</u>				
Date of printing	5/12/2020			
Date of issue/Date of revision	10/9/2019			
Date of previous issue	6/5/2017			
Version	9			
	sds_author@cytiva.com			
Key to abbreviations References	ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate BCF = Bioconcentration Factor GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals IATA = International Air Transport Association IBC = International Maritime Dangerous Goods LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution) N/A = Not available UN = United Nations Not available.			
Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.				

Notice to reader

To the best of our knowledge, the information contained herein is accurate. However, neither the above-named supplier, nor any of its subsidiaries, assumes any liability whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein. Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist.

